#### Lesson 7

# **Applications and Big Data analytics using Spark**

# Big Data Architecture Design Layers <u>Refer Figure 4.1</u>

- Application and Application Support APIs
- Codes Converted and inputs to Mapper-Reducer Tasks
- Data Processing using Mapper- Reducer Tasks
- Data store units, (data, in-processing results, and Output results)

# Big Data Architecture Design Layers

Refer Figure 4.1 Data Flow

- Data Store units
- Data Processing, Mapper and Reducer Tasks
- Output of Reducer Tasks to—
- Application Support APIs
- Application

#### Figure 5.10 Processing framework for applications and Big Data analytics using Spark



### Layers 1 and 2

#### Refer Figure 1.2

- Layer 1 Identification of internal and external Sources of Data
- Layer 2— Data ingestion and acquisition

# Layer 3: Data Store Layer (Distributed Data)

- Figure 4.1:
- Hadoop Distributed File System (HDFS) where clusters store the data, in-processing results for the application tasks

### Data Store

- Figure 4.1
- HDFS
- HBase Columnar DBs;
- MongoDBs Document Data Stores and processing using Query language Cassandra DBs Column-family Data Stores and processing using CQL

### Layer 4: Data Processing Layer

• Figure 4.1

- Resource Management and
- Processing Framework

#### **Resources Management**

 Making available resources of CPU, RAM and network in the Hadoop clusters for the multiple application subtasks and tasks (Job Tracker Daemon/YARN)

#### Yarn

- A component of Hadoop, providing:
- Resources management using multiple machines (data nodes)
- Running and scheduling of the parallel programs for map and reduce tasks
- Allocating parallel processing resources for computing subtasks

2019

### **Processing Framework**

- Figure 4.1
- Mapping, aggregation with shuffle, sort or merge in environment using map and reduce tasks
- Reducer (JobTracker/Task Tracker Daemons) at slave nodes in the clusters

# Layer 5: Application Support Layer APIs

- Figure 4.1
- Application tasks/subtasks coded in MapReduce APIs, HBase or Hive/Pig projects
- Hive/Pig easier programming models
- Codes in Hive/Pig compiles into MapReduce tasks

Layer 6: Data Consumption Application Support Layer APIs

- Figure 4.1
- Application Layer– for applications, ETL, Analytics, BP, BI, Data Visualization, R- Descriptive Statistics, Machine learning, Data mining using tools

#### Hive

- **Hive** (Queries data aggregation and summarizing) +
- HiveQL(SQL-like scripting language for the Query Processing)



• A data-flow language and execution framework, also for implementation of functions, such as relational algebra functions, user-defined functions.



### We learnt :

- Application and Application Support Layers APIs
- Programming in MapReduce or HBase/Hive/Pig

### Summary

- Data Processing Framework
- Resource Management
- Data Store: HDFS, MongoDBs, Cassandra DBs

# End of Lesson 7 on Applications and Big Data analytics using Spark